## THAT WHICH IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A method for preparing an injectable formulation of interferon-beta (IFN-5  $\beta$ ) comprising:
  - a) preparing a first solution comprising IFN- $\beta$ , isolating a pool of purified IFN- $\beta$  from this solution, and precipitating said IFN- $\beta$  from this pool using an alcohol to form a precipitate;
- b) dissolving said precipitate in guanidine hydrochloride (HCl) to form a second solution comprising resolubilized denatured IFN- $\beta$  and guanidine HCl;
  - c) diluting said second solution into a first buffer to obtain a third solution comprising resolubilized renatured IFN-beta and residual guanidine HCl; and
  - d) removing residual guanidine HCl from said third solution by diafiltration or dialysis of said third solution into a second buffer that is pharmaceutically acceptable, whereby said injectable formulation of IFN- $\beta$  is prepared.
    - 2. The method of claim 1, wherein said second buffer contains arginine or sodium chloride.
- 20 3. The method of claim 1, wherein said first buffer has a pH of about 5.0 to about 8.0, and wherein said residual guanidine HCl is present in said third solution at a concentration of 1.6 M or less.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein said IFN-β has the amino acid sequence
  25 set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID NO:2.
  - 5. The method of claim 1, wherein said IFN- $\beta$  is glycosylated or unglycosylated.
- 30 6. The method of claim 1, wherein said IFN- $\beta$  is recombinantly produced.

7. The method of claim 1, wherein said IFN-β has at least 80% amino acid sequence identity with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 as calculated using the ALIGN program with a PAM 120 weight residue table, a gap length penalty of 12, and a gap penalty of 4.

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- 8. A method for preparing an injectable formulation of interferon-beta (IFN- $\beta$ ), said method comprising denaturation of IFN- $\beta$  with guanidine hydrochloride (HCl) followed by renaturation of the IFN- $\beta$  via dilution into a first buffer to obtain a renatured IFN- $\beta$  solution comprising residual guanidine HCl, and removing said residual guanidine HCl from said renatured IFN- $\beta$  solution by diafiltration or dialysis of said renatured IFN- $\beta$  solution into a second buffer that is pharmaceutically acceptable, whereby said injectable formulation of IFN- $\beta$  is prepared.
- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein said first buffer has a pH of about 3.0 to about 5.0, and wherein said residual guanidine HCl is present in said renatured IFN-β solution at a concentration of 1.6 M or less.
  - 10. The method of claim 9, wherein said first buffer has a pH of about 3.0 to about 4.0, and wherein said residual guanidine HCl is present in said renatured IFN- $\beta$  solution at a concentration of 0.2 M or less.
  - 11. The method of claim 10, wherein said first buffer has a pH of about 3.0, and wherein said residual guanidine HCl is present in said renatured IFN- $\beta$  solution at a concentration of 0.1 M or less.

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- 12. The method of claim 8, wherein said IFN- $\beta$  has the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID NO:2.
- 13. The method of claim 8, wherein said IFN- $\beta$  is glycosylated or unglycosylated.

- 14. The method of claim 8, wherein said IFN- $\beta$  is recombinantly produced.
- 15. The method of claim 8, wherein said IFN-β has at least 80% amino acid sequence identity with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 as calculated using the ALIGN program with a PAM 120 weight residue table, a gap length penalty of 12, and a gap penalty of 4.
- 16. A method for preparing a composition comprising substantially monomeric interferon-beta (IFN- $\beta$ ), said method comprising:
  - a) preparing a precipitate of substantially purified IFN- $\beta$ ;
- b) dissolving said precipitate in guanidine hydrochloride (HCl) to obtain a first solution comprising resolubilized denatured IFN-β; and
- c) renaturing said IFN- $\beta$  by dilution of said first solution with a buffer solution.
- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein said buffer solution has a pH of about 5.0 to about 8.0.
- 18. The method of claim 16, wherein said IFN-β has the amino acid sequence 20 set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID NO:2.
  - 19. The method of claim 16, wherein said IFN- $\beta$  is glycosylated or unglycosylated.
- 25 20. The method of claim 16, wherein said IFN- $\beta$  is recombinantly produced.
  - 21. The method of claim 16, wherein said IFN-β has at least 80% amino acid sequence identity with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 as calculated using the ALIGN program with a PAM 120 weight residue table, a gap length penalty of 12, and a gap penalty of 4.

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- 22. A method for preparing an injectable formulation of interferon-beta (IFN- $\beta$ ), said method comprising:
  - a) obtaining a sample comprising substantially purified IFN- $\beta$ ;
- b) mixing said sample with guanidine hydrochloride (HCl) to obtain a first solution comprising solubilized denatured IFN- $\beta$ ;
  - c) diluting said first solution into a first buffer to obtain a second solution comprising solubilized renatured IFN-beta and residual guanidine HCl; and
- d) removing residual guanidine HCl from said second solution by diafiltration or dialysis of said second solution into a second buffer that is pharmaceutically acceptable, whereby said injectable formulation of IFN- $\beta$  is prepared.
  - 23. The method of claim 22, wherein said first buffer has a pH of about 3.0 to about 5.0, and wherein said residual guanidine HCl is present in said second solution at a concentration of 1.6 M or less.

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- 24. The method of claim 23, wherein said first buffer has a pH of about 3.0 to about 4.0, and wherein said residual guanidine HCl is present in said second solution at a concentration of 0.2 M or less.
- 25. The method of claim 24, wherein said first buffer has a pH of about 3.0, and wherein said residual guanidine HCl is present in said renatured IFN- $\beta$  solution at a concentration of 0.1 M or less.
- 26. The method of claim 22, wherein said IFN-β has the amino acid sequence
  25 set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID NO:2.
  - 27. The method of claim 22, wherein said IFN- $\beta$  is glycosylated or unglycosylated.
- 30 28. The method of claim 22, wherein said IFN- $\beta$  is recombinantly produced.

29. The method of claim 22, wherein said IFN-β has at least 80% amino acid sequence identity with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 as calculated using the ALIGN program with a PAM 120 weight residue table, a gap length penalty of 12, and a gap penalty of 4.

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- 30. A method for preparing a composition comprising substantially monomeric interferon-beta (IFN- $\beta$ ), said method comprising:
  - a) preparing a sample comprising substantially purified IFN- $\beta$ ;
- b) mixing said sample with guanidine hydrochloride (HCl) to obtain a first solution comprising solubilized denatured IFN- $\beta$ ; and
  - c) renaturing said IFN- $\beta$  by dilution of said first solution with a buffer solution.
- 31. The method of claim 30, wherein said buffer solution has a pH of about 3.0 to about 5.0.
  - 32. The method of claim 30, wherein said IFN- $\beta$  has the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID NO:2.
- 20 33. The method of claim 30, wherein said IFN- $\beta$  is glycosylated or unglycosylated.
  - 34. The method of claim 30, wherein said IFN- $\beta$  is recombinantly produced.
- 35. The method of claim 30, wherein said IFN-β has at least 80% amino acid sequence identity with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 as calculated using the ALIGN program with a PAM 120 weight residue table, a gap length penalty of 12, and a gap penalty of 4.